ACM3129A 2×57W Stereo | 1×110W Mono, Analog Input Class-D Audio Amplifier with Ultra Low Power Dissipation, Spread Spectrum and Class-H Control

1. Features

- Single Supply Voltage
- PVDD: 4.5V to 26.4V
- Built-in LDO output 5V for others
- · Various Output Configurations
- 2×57W, 1% THD+N, 24V, 4Ω, BTL
- 1×110W, 1% THD+N, 24V, 2Ω, PBTL
- Excellent Audio Performance
- THD+N ≤ 0.02% at 1W, 1kHz, 4Ω, PVDD = 24V
- Higher Order Modulator Enable Better THD+N for full audio band
- Idle switching A-weighted noise ≤ 63 uV_{RMS}
- Efficient Class-D Operation
- >90% efficient Class-D operation eliminates need for heat sink
- Low Idle Current: <24mA, PVDD=12V, LC Filter=10uH+0.68uF
- Patented Modulation Schemes to Minimize inductor ripple
 Current for all output power level
- Low EMI Technology
- Spread Spectrum Option
- 180° PWM Phase Shift
- Gain Management
- 20dB, 26dB, 30dB, 34dB fixed gain setting
- Mute Operation to stop PWM switching
- Programmable Power Limit
- Analog Protections
- Short-Circuit protection with Auto-recovery option
- Under-Voltage detection

2. Applications

- Bluetooth/Wireless Speakers
- Soundbars
- Over-Voltage detection
- Output DC detection for speaker protection
- Over temperature protection with auto recovery

- Docks, Monitors
- Home Theaters
- LCD TV/PC

3. General Description

The ACM3129A is a stereo/mono, Class D audio amplifier delivers up to $2\times57W$ into 4Ω stereo mode and $1\times110W$ into a 2Ω load in mono mode while offering up to 92% efficiency. In order to minimize power dissipation, a new patented modulation scheme - Dynamic PWM been used to minimize inductor loss for full output power range.

The ACM3129A operates from a single +4.5V to +26.4V supply, driving the load in BTL or PBTL configuration.

The ACM3129A offers a spread-spectrum modulation mode that reduces EMI noise and provide 2 switching frequency option (384kHz, 480kHz).

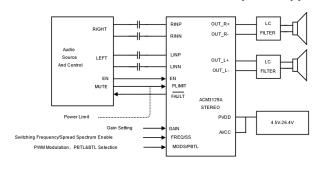
Features include fully differential inputs, comprehensive popand click suppression, and four selectable-gain settings (20dB,26dB,30dB and 34dB). A pin adjustable power limit function and speaker DC protection protect speaker without damage. Short-circuit protection, Over-temperature protection and Over/Under Voltage protection prevent the device from being damaged during a fault condition.

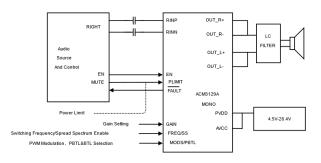
ACM3129A supports Class-H control which can extent battery lifetime in case the system power supply is 'Battery + Boost Convertor'.

4. Device Information

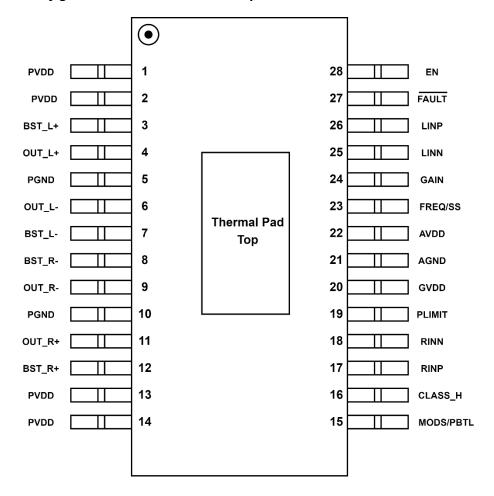
Part number	Package	Body size
ACM3129A	TSSOP 28	9.7 mm × 4.4 mm

Simplified Application Circuit





5. Pin Configuration and Function Descriptions



Pin No.	Name	Туре	Description	
1	PVDD	PWR	Power Supply	
2	PVDD	PWR	Power Supply	
3	BST_L+	BST	Boot strap for positive left channel output, connect to 470nF X5	
			better ceramic cap to OUT_L-	
4	OUT_L+	PO	Positive left channel output	
5	PGND	G	Ground	
6	OUT_L-	PO	Negative left channel output	
7	BST_L-	BST	Boot strap for negative left channel output, connect to 470nF X5R	
			or better ceramic cap to OUT_L-	
8	BST_R-	BST	Boot strap for negative right channel output, connect to 470nF X5R	
			or better ceramic cap to OUT_R-	
9	OUT_R-	PO	Negative right channel output	
10	PGND	G	Ground	
11	OUT_R+	PO	Positive right channel output	
12	BST_R+	BST	Boot strap for positive right channel output, connect to 470nF X5F	
			or better ceramic cap to OUT_R+	
13	PVDD	PWR	Power Supply	
14	PVDD	PWR	Power Supply	
15	MODS/PBTL	AIN	PWM Modulation Selection and BTL/PBTL Selection	
16	CLASS_H	AO	Class-H control signal	
17	RINP	AIN	Positive audio input for right channel	
18	RINN	AIN	Negative audio input for right channel	
19	PLIMIT	AIN	Power limit level adjustment. Connect a resistor divider from GVDD	
			to GND to set power limit. Give V(PLIMIT)<0.5V to Mute amplifier	
			(set amplifier to Hi-Z state, power stage stops switching). Give	
			0.6V <v(plimit)<3v give<="" level.="" limit="" power="" set="" td="" the="" to=""></v(plimit)<3v>	
			V(PLIMIT)>4.2V to bypass the power limit function.	
20	GVDD	PO	5V regulated output, also used as supply for PLIMIT function	

21	AGND	G	Ground	
22	AVDD	PWR	Analog Supply	
23	FREQ/SS	AIN	Switching Frequency Selection and Spread Spectrum	
			Enable/Disable	
24	GAIN	AIN	Gain Selection via Pull-down resistor	
25	LINN	AIN	Negative audio input for left channel	
26	LINP	AIN	Positive audio input for left channel	
27	FAULT	DO	Fault reporting including Over-temperature, DC Detection, Over-	
			Current Protection. Open Drain	
			FAULT = High, normal operation	
			FAULT = Low, fault condition	
28	EN	AIN	Enable Logic input for amplifier (LOW=Output Hi-Z, HIGH=Output	
			Enabled). TTL logic levels with compliance to AVDD	

6. Device Family Comparison

Device Name	PVDD Range (V)	Thermal Pad
ACM3108	4.5V-14.5V	Pad Down
ACM3128A	4.5V-26.4V	Pad Down
ACM3129A	4.5V-26.4V	Pad Up

7. Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
PVDD, AVDD	Supply Voltage	-0.3	30	V
	LINP, LINN, RINN, RINP	-0.3	6.3	V
Input Voltage, V	PLIMIT, MODS/PBTL, FREQ/SS	-0.3	GVDD+0.3	V
	FAULT, EN	-0.3	PVDD+0.3	V
T _A	Ambient operating temperature	-40	85	℃
Tı	Operating junction temperature	-40	160	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-40	125	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stressed beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicted under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	<u>+</u> 2000	V	
V(ESD)	V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	<u>+</u> 500	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _(SUPLLY)	Power supply inputs	PVDD, AVDD	4.5		26.4	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	EN	2			.,
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	EN			0.8	V

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VoL	Low-level output voltage	FAULT, R _{PULL-UP} =100kΩ, PVDD=12V			0.8	V
I _{IH}	High-level input current	EN			50	μΑ
IIL	Low-level input current	EN			5	μΑ
R _L (BTL)	Additional land land	(0 to 110 filter 40 th 0 f0 f)	3.2	4		
R _L (PBTL)	Minimum load Impedance	(Output LC filter=10uH+0.68uF)	1.6	2		
Tı	Junction Operating Temperature		-40		160	℃
T _A	Ambient Operating Temperature		-40		85	℃

7.4 Thermal Information

		ACM3129A, TSSOP 28 PINS	
		JEDEC STANDARD	UNIT
		4-LAYER PCB	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	14	°C/W
θ _{ЈТ}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	1.2	°C/W
ψл	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	5.7	°C/W

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

PVDD=12V, Fin=1kHz, Load= 4Ω , Bootstrap Capacitor= $0.47\mu\text{F}$, free-are room temperature 25 C, LC filter=10uH+0.68uF, Fsw=384kHz, BD Mode (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DC Electrica	al Characteristics					
Vos	Class-D output offset voltage	V _I =0V, BTL Mode		0.5	2	mV
Vos	(measured differentially)	V _I =0V, PBTL Mode		0.5	3	mV
Icc	Quiescent supply current	EN≥2V, LC filter=10µH+0.68µF, 2×		24		mA
		BTL, Dynamic PWM Modulation				
I _{CC(SD)}	Quiescent supply current in	EN≤0.8V, PVDD=12V		20		μΑ
	shutdown mode					
	Drain-source on-state			75		mΩ
R _{DS(ON)}	resistance, High side NMOS	PVDD=12V, I _{OUT} = 500mA, T _J = 25				
NDS(ON)	Drain-source on-state	1 400-124, 1001 - 3001114, 13 - 23		75		mΩ
	resistance, Low side NMOS					
		Pull Down Resistor = 47kΩ		20		dB
G	Gain	Pull Down Resistor≥120kΩ or Open		26		dB
		Pull Down Resistor≤4.7kΩ or Short		30		dB
		Pull Down Resistor = 15kΩ		34		dB
t _{ON}	Turn-on-time	EN≥2V		10		ms
toff	Turn-off-time	EN≤0.8V		5.7		μs
GVDD	Gate drive supply	I _{GVDD} < 200 uA		5		V
AC Electrical	Characteristics, Stereo Output					
PSRR	Power supply ripple rejection	200mV _{PP} ripple at 1kHz, Gain=20dB,		-70		dB
		Input AC coupled to GND				
		THD+N = 10%, f = 1kHz, PVDD = 20V		48		W
D	Continuous output power	THD+N = 1%, f = 1kHz, PVDD = 20V		39		W
P _{O(SPK)}	(4 Ω Load)	THD+N = 10%, f = 1kHz, PVDD = 24V		69		W
		THD+N = 1%, f = 1kHz, PVDD = 24V		57		W
	Output integrated noise,	Gain = 20dB		63		μVrms
Vn	20Hz to 22kHz, A-weighted filter	Gain = 26dB		75		μVrms
		Spread Spectrum Disable		384		kHz
	Switching frequency of the			480		kHz
F _{SW}	speaker amplifier	Spread spectrum Enable	345	384	423	kHz
			432	480	528	kHz
	•					

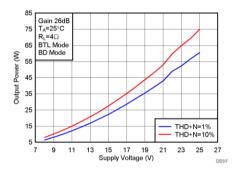
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
X-talk ⁽¹⁾	Crosstalk	V _o =2Vrms, Gain=26dB, f=1kHz, based on ACM3129AEVM		90		dB
AC Electrical C	haracteristics, Mono Output					
PSRR	Power supply ripple rejection	200mV _{PP} ripple at 1kHz, Gain=20dB, Input AC coupled to GND		-70		dB
P _{O(SPK)}	Continuous output power $(2\Omega \text{ Load})$	THD+N = 10%, f = 1kHz, PVDD = 24V THD+N = 1%, f = 1kHz, PVDD = 24V		134		w
V	Output integrated noise,	Gain = 20dB		63		μVrms
Vn	20Hz to 22kHz, A-weighted filter	Gain = 26dB		75		μVrms
	Switching frequency of the	Spread Spectrum Disable		384 480		kHz kHz
Fsw	speaker amplifier	Spread spectrum Enable	345	384	423	kHz
PROTECTION			432	480	528	kHz
OCE _{THRES}	Over-Current Error Threshold	Speaker Output Current (Post LC filter), Speaker current, PVDD=15V	7.5	8		А
UVE _{THRES} (PVDD)	PVDD under voltage error threshold			4.1		V
OVE _{THRES(PVDD)}	PVDD over voltage error threshold			29.2		V
DCE _{THRES}	Output DC Error protection threshold	Class D Amplifier's output DC voltage cross speaker load to trigger Output DC Fault protection		2.5		V
T _{DCDET}	Output DC Detect time	Class D Amplifier's output remain at or above DCE _{THRES}		700		ms
OTE _{THRES}	Over temperature error threshold			160		℃
OTE _{Hysteresis}	Over temperature error hysteresis			30		℃

¹⁾ Crosstalk high depends on output layout (L channel and R channel routing distance), Inductor type.

8. Typical Characteristics

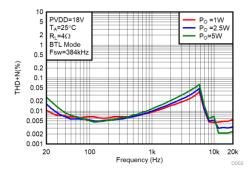
8.1 Bridge Tied Load (BTL) Configuration Curves with BD Mode

Free-air room temperature 25°C (unless otherwise noted.) Measurements were made using ACM3129AEVM board and Audio Precision System APX5xx Series with Analog Analyzer filter set to 20-kHz Low Pass filter. Device PWM Modulator mode set to BD mode with 384kHz Fsw, LC filter=10µH+0.68µF.



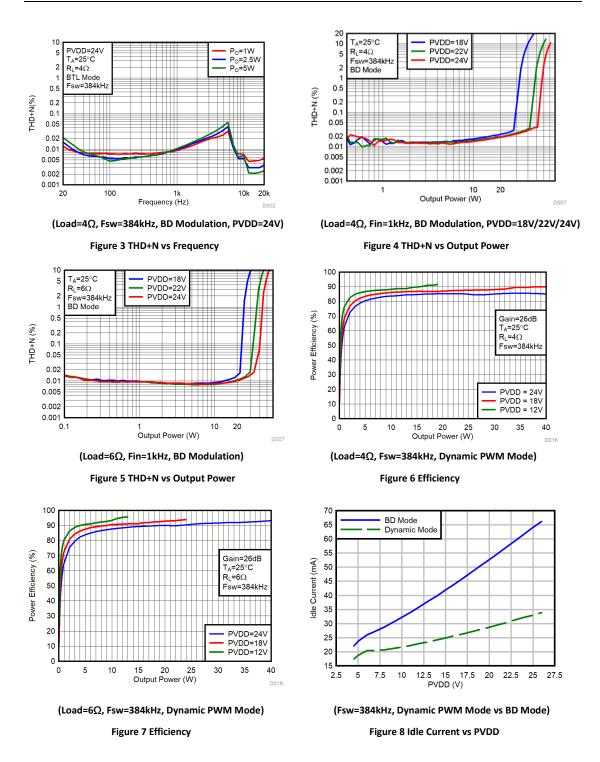
(Load= 4Ω , Fsw=384kHz, BD Modulation)

Figure 1 Max Output Power vs PVDD



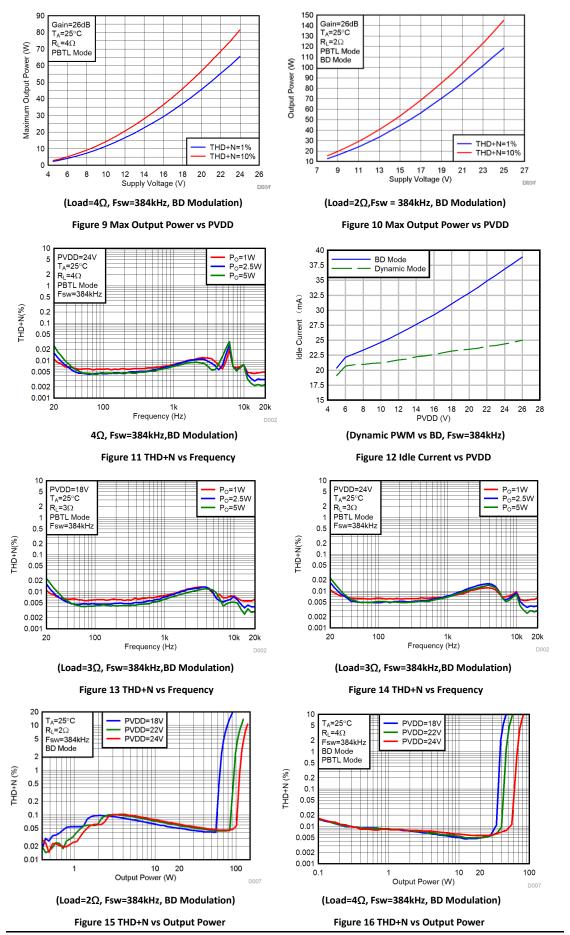
(Load=4Ω, Fsw=384kHz,BD Modulation, PVDD=18V)

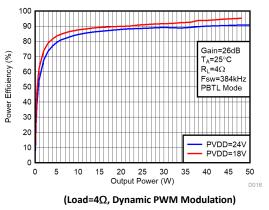
Figure 2 THD+N vs Frequency



8.2 Parallel Bridge Tied Load (PBTL) Configuration Curves with BD Mode

Free-air room temperature 25°C (unless otherwise noted.) Measurements were made using ACM3129AEVM board and Audio Precision System APX5xx Series with Analog Analyzer filter set to 20-kHz Low Pass filter. Device PWM Modulator mode set to BD mode with 384kHz Fsw, LC filter=10µH+0.68µF.





80 70 Gain=26dB Power Efficiency (%) T₄=25°C 60 $R_L=2\Omega$ 50 Fsw=384kHz PBTL Mode 40 30 20 PVDD=24V PVDD=18V 20 25 30 Output Power (W) 45

(Load=2Ω, Dynamic PWM Modulation)

Figure 17 Efficiency vs Output Power

Figure 18 Efficiency vs Output Power

9. **Detailed Description**

9.1 Overview

The ACM3129A device is a highly efficient Class D audio amplifier with extreme low idle power dissipation. It can support as low as 24-mA idle loss current using standard LC filter configurations. It is integrated with 75-m Ω MOSFET that allows output currents up to 8A. The high efficiency allows the amplifier to provide an excellent audio performance without the requirement for a bulky heat sink.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram

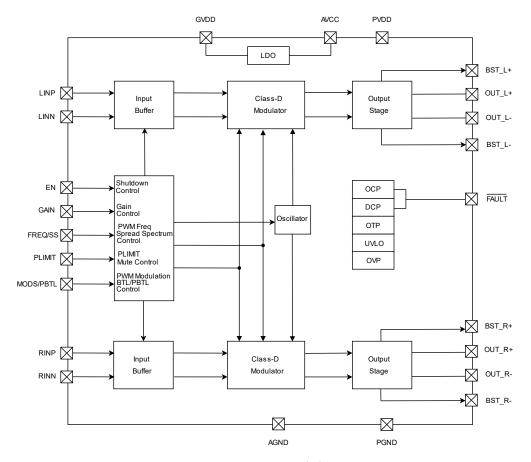


Figure 19 Function Block Diagram

9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 Gain Setting

The gain of the ACM3129A is set by the pull down resistor connect to GAIN control pin. The gain setting is latched during power-up and can not be changed while device is powered. Table 1 lists the recommended resistor values and gain.

Table 1. Gain Setting

GAIN	R1 (to GND)	Input Impedance
20dB	47k Ω	30 kΩ
26dB	120k Ω or Open	15 kΩ
30dB	4.7kΩ or Short	9.48kΩ
34dB	15kΩ	5.987kΩ

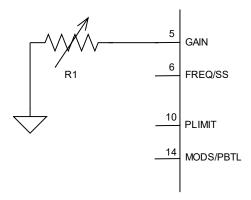


Figure 20 Gain Setting

9.3.2 Switching Frequency Selection and Spread Spectrum Selection

The ACM3129A provides 2 switching frequency option, 384kHz and 480kHz which best balance the audio performance and power dissipation. Spread spectrum is supported by ACM3129A to minimize EMI noise.

Table 2. Switching Frequency Selection and Spread Spectrum Setting

R2 (to GND)	Switching Frequency (kHz)	Spread Spectrum
120kΩ or Open	384kHz	Disable
47kΩ	480kHz	Disable
15k Ω	480kHz	Enable
4.7kΩ or Short	384kHz	Enable

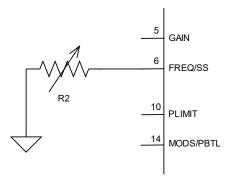


Figure 21 Switching Frequency Selection and Spread Spectrum Setting

9.3.3 Modulation Scheme Selection and BTL/PBTL Selection

The ACM3129A provides 2 PWM Modulation Scheme, BD Modulation and Dynamic PWM Modulation. With Dynamic PWM Modulation, the amplifier's output common mode voltage keeps tracking with audio signal to minimize inductor ripple current. Compare with BD modulation, Dynamic PWM Modulation decrease power dissipation more than 40% and improve efficiency more than 5% under <1W output power.

Table 5: Modulation Street, Section and 5:27:5:12 Selection						
R3 (to GND)	PWM Modulation Scheme	BTL/PBTL				
120kΩ or Open	BD	BTL				
47k Ω	BD	PBTL				
15k Ω	Dynamic PWM	PBTL				
4.7kΩ or Short	Dynamic PWM	BTL				

Table 3. Modulation Scheme Selection and BTL/PBTL Selection

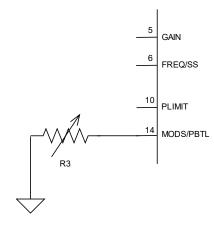


Figure 22 Modulation Scheme and BTL/PBTL Selection

9.3.4 Power Limit

The voltage at PLIMIT pin can be used to limit the amplifier output. V_{PLIMIT} (at the PLIMIT pin) is set by a resistor divider from GVDD to ground. V_{PLIMIT} sets a limit on the output peak-to-peak voltage. As Figure 24 shows, V_{PLIMIT} just limit the peak-to-peak voltage, but can't not been used to control the clipping depth. PLIMIT is adjustable from 0.6V to 3.5V. The output peak voltage been limited within ~9× V_{PLIMIT} . Set V_{PLIMIT} <0.5V, turn off output driver to mute device. Set V_{PLIMIT} >4.2V, Disable power limit function.

Table 4. Device behavior vs VPLIMIT

V _{PLIMIT}	Device behavior	Description
<0.5V	Mute	Turn off output driver to mute device
0.6V~3.5V	Power Limit	Set V _{PLIMIT} limits output peak voltage.
>4.2V	Disable Power Limit	Disable Power Limit

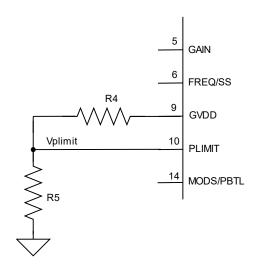


Figure 23 Power Limit Setting

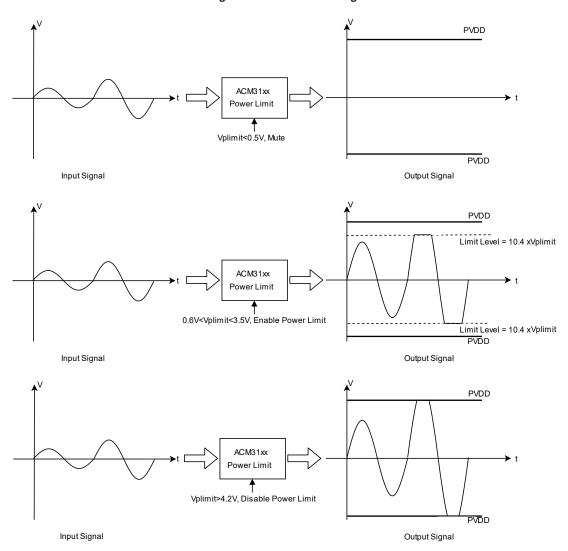


Figure 24 Power Limit Example

9.3.5 Shutdown (EN) control

Pulling EN pin low will let ACM3129A operate in low-current state for power conservation. The ACM3129A outputs

will enter mute once EN pin is pulled low, and regulator will also disable to save power. If let EN pin floating, the chip will enter shutdown mode because of the internal pull low resistor. For the best power-off performance, place the chip in the shutdown mode in advance of removing the power supply.

9.3.6 DC detection

ACM3129A has dc detection circuit to protect the speakers from large DC currents or AC current less than 2Hz which might be occurred as input capacitor defect or inputs short on printed circuit board. A DC Detect Fault is issued when the output differential voltage of either channel exceeds DC protection threshold level (2.5V Typical) for more than 700ms at the same polarity. The amplifier outputs area switched to a high impedance state when the DC Detection fault latch is engaged. The latch can be cleared by cycling the EN pin through the low state. Connecting the FAULT and EN pins allows the FAULT pin function to automatically drive the EN pin low which clears the DC Detection protection latch.

9.3.7 Short-Circuit Protection and Automatic Recovery Feature

The ACM3129A has protection from over current conditions caused by a short circuit on the output stage. The short circuit protection fault is reported on the FAULT pin as a low state. The amplifier outputs are switched to a high impedance state when the short circuit protection latch is engaged. The latch can be cleared by cycling the EN pin through the low state.

If automatic recovery from the short circuit protection latch is desired, connect the FAULT pin directly to the EN pin. Connecting the FAULT and EN pins allows the FAULT pin function to automatically drive the EN pin low which clears the short-circuit protection latch.

9.3.8 Thermal Protection

Thermal protection on the ACM3129A prevents damage to the device when the internal die temperature exceeds 160°C. This trip point has a +/-10°C tolerance from device to device. Once the die temperature exceeds the thermal trip point, the device enters into the shutdown state and the outputs are disabled. Thermal protection faults are NOT reported on the FAULT pin.

9.3.9 Over Voltage Protection

Once the PVDD votlage exceed the OVE_{THRES(PVDD)} (29.2V Typical), device will set the output driver from Play mode to Hi-Z mode. Once PVDD drop below 28.7V (Typical), device will come back to Play mode.

9.3.10 Under Voltage Protection

Once the PVDD votlage drop below the $UVE_{THRES(PVDD)}$ (4.1V Typical), device will set the output driver from Play mode to Hi-Z mode. Once PVDD rise above 4.4V (Typical), device will come back to Play mode.

9.3.11 Class-H Control Operation

ACM31xx Class-H Control provides a new scheme to increase efficiency and reduce power dissipation for battery supply system. ACM31xx internal Class H block monitors the amplifier output audio signal and provides V_{CTRL} through hardware Pin 13 (CLASS-H) to feedback network of external DC-DC Boost Convertor, adjust Boost Convertor's V_{OUT} accordingly. As ACM31xx use the external Booster Convertor's V_{OUT} as the power supply, so ACM31xx's Power supply dynamic tracking with output audio signal, shown in Figure 25.

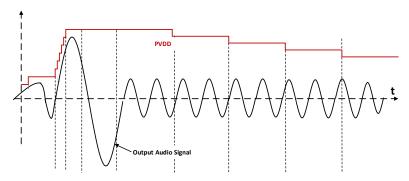


Figure 25 Class H Operation Signal

To use ACM31xx's Class H control function, customer only need to calculate R1 and R3 (show in Figure 26) based on V_{FB}, R2, V_{CTRL}, V_{OUTL} and V_{OUTH}.

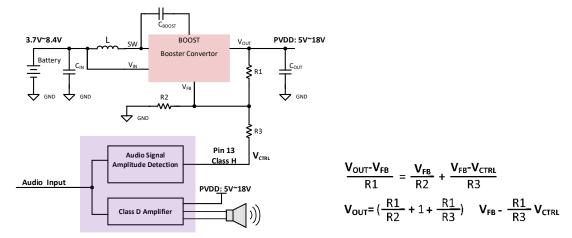


Figure 26 Class H Operation Diagram

The design procedure shown as following:

Step1: V_{FB} depends on DC-DC Boost Convertor, typical is 0.6V or 1V or 1.2V, get this data from Boost convertor's datasheet; **V**_{CTRL}=3.5V; **R2** depends DC-DC Booster Convertor's recommendation (check the reference design schematic from Booster Convertor's vendor), **V**_{OUTL} represents Boost Convertor's minimal output voltage, **V**_{OUTH} represents Boost Convertor's maximum output voltage.

Step2: Follow below formula to calculate R1 and R3.

$$R3 = \left(\frac{V_{\text{OUTH}}}{V_{\text{FB}}} - \frac{V_{\text{OUTH}} - V_{\text{OUTL}}}{V_{\text{CTRL}}} - 1\right) \times R2 \times \frac{V_{\text{CTRL}}}{V_{\text{OUTH}} - V_{\text{OUTL}}}$$

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_{\text{OUTH}} - V_{\text{OUTL}}}{V_{\text{CTRL}}}\right) \times R3$$

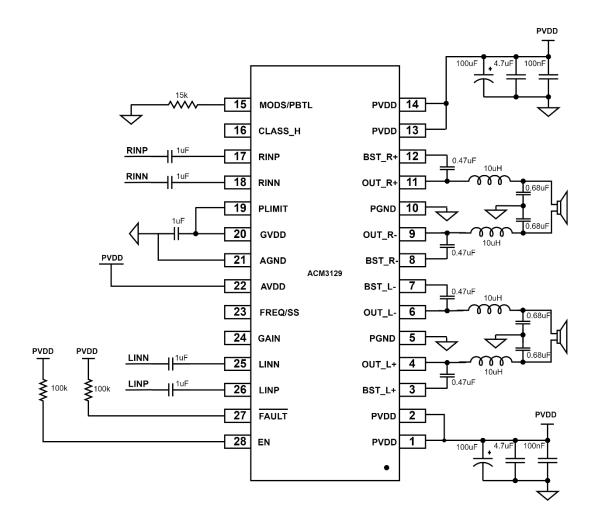
Example setting of R1/R3 and V_{OUT} of Boost, user can refer to calculator tool provided by ACME or caclulate mannually based on the formula in **Step2**.

Table 5. R1 and R3 Calculation Example

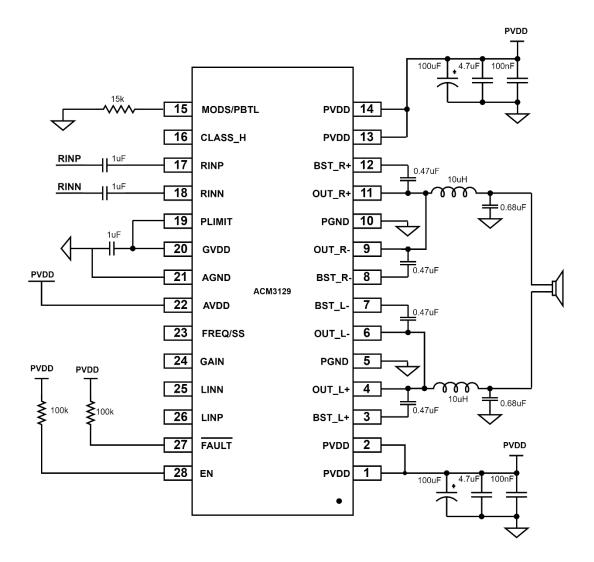
	Calculato	r Output			
V _{OUTL} (V)	V _{OUTH} (V)	R2 (kΩ)	V _{FB} (V)	R1 (kΩ)	R3 (kΩ)
12.77	18.9	13	1	210	120
12.4	23.25	13	1	250	80
12.8	18.7	13	0.6	370	220
12.3	23.8	13	0.6	460	140

9.4 Application Information

9.4.1 Application Circuit Example Of Stereo

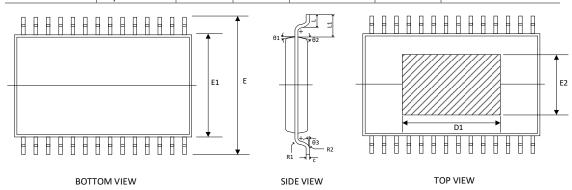


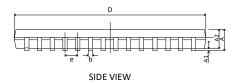
9.4.2 Application Circuit Example Of Mono



10. Package Dimensions

Orderable Device	Package Type	MPQ	MOQ	Eco Plan	MSL Level	Device Marking
ACM3129A	TSSOP28	3000	3000	RoHS Compliant	MSL3	ACM3129A
	Tape and Reel			Lead-Free Finish		





COMMON DIMENSIONS

(UNITS OF MEASURE=mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α			1.20
A1	0.05	0.10	0.15
A2	0.80	0.875	1.05
С	0.09	0.145	0.2
b	0.19	0.255	0.3
L1	0.95	1.00	1.05
L	0.45	0.6	0.75
D1	5.80	5.90	6.00
E2	2.90	3.00	3.10
E	6.25	6.40	6.55
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
D	9.60	9.70	9.80
⊝3	0	4	8
R1		0.15 TYP	
R2		0.15 TYP	
Θ1		0.12 TYP	
⊝2		0.12 TYP	
е		0.65mm	